

what I knew to one of Mr. Whitman's acquaintances.

Mr. Kennedy was born in Buffalo, N. Y., in 1856, and lived here continuously for twenty-six years. He was actively identified with the legislative branch of the city government. As a member of that body, he was known as the father of the playground system. He was an ardent advocate of the playground movement, and when he resigned from the board of the city had the most extensive playgrounds of any city in the country.

Mr. Kennedy was elected State Treasurer in 1910, and was re-nominated and re-elected in 1912.

A widow and two children, William H., a graduate of Cornell Law School, and a daughter, Mary Jane, survive him.

Accounts Found Correct.

Albany, N. Y., February 15.—Governor Glynn to-night said he had been informed by the comptroller's office that it had checked the accounts of Mr. Kennedy last Monday, and had found his accounts correct.

The Governor immediately ordered a full audit of the books to begin to-morrow.

It became known after the suicide of Mr. Kennedy to-day that Arthur L. Warner, chief assistant to Commissioner of the State Department of Public Safety, has been investigating reports that the State Treasurer had been doing a large business with State funds.

So silently has Mr. Warner worked that he does not think even District Attorney Whitman is aware of the existence of this line of the Osborne investigation. Information came to Mr. Warner that Mr. Kennedy had been doing a large business with the bonding company prior to his election, and since that period his connections have been kept up with the instrumentality of a near relative.

Will Not Disclose Line of Inquiry.

Mr. Warner refused to disclose the specific line of inquiry he had made, but it is expected it referred to an alleged association between Mr. Kennedy, George H. McGuire and Charles W. Murphy, Jr., a witness at the John Doe proceedings in which Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Murphy gave him assurance that he had sufficient influence to control the outcome of certain State contracts.

Mr. Warner, by virtue of his office, was a member of the State Canal Board, of which the late Governor, State Engineer and Superintendent of Public Works also were members. When Mr. Kennedy was in the office, Mr. Warner's office were here two weeks ago obtaining bank accounts. Mr. Kennedy's was said to have been one of those sought.

All of the finances in the State Treasurer's office are in perfect condition, Deputy Treasurer George W. Batten declared to-night.

Line of Proposed Inquiry.

New York, February 15.—Subpoenas served by District Attorney Whitman's office on John Doe and John R. Smith, were issued to insure his appearance here to-morrow at the public John Doe inquiry into the Kennedy case.

According to Assistant District Attorney John C. Clark to-night.

The district attorney was learned, intended to examine Kennedy as to his handling of some \$500,000 to \$100,000 of State money as State Treasurer. He was to be asked particularly what motives, if any, governed the selection of banks in which State money was deposited. It was to be further questioned as to his relations, if any, with the firm of John J. Kennedy & Co. of Buffalo, which the district attorney has been told is in the business of bonding deposits of State funds in State banks, and which is said to be conducted by Kennedy's son.

This firm, according to Mr. Whitman's information, was established by Kennedy, but it was learned that when before the grand jury he denied any present connection with it.

Kennedy's appearance before the grand jury here was in connection with members of the State Canal Board, of which he also was a member.

Some of the questions of such a nature, Mr. Clark said to-night, that "it was deemed public policy" to have him examined at the public John Doe proceedings, which will be held to-morrow. It was further stated that Kennedy was summoned to appear to-morrow. It is understood Kennedy's methods of conducting State business are under the proposed inquiry. Recently the district attorney's office has been making investigation into this line, and Mr. Whitman has now in his possession Kennedy's personal bank accounts.

HUNDREDS VISIT CAMP OF MEXICANS

General Hugh L. Scott is caring for more than 5,000 Men, Women and Children.

El Paso, Texas, February 15.—Hundreds of visitors to-day went to Fort Bliss to view the prison camp where General Hugh L. Scott is caring for more than 5,000 Mexican men, women and children, who fled after the Federalists were defeated at Ojinaga a month ago.

Meanwhile, General Jose Ynez Salazar, prisoner, was uneasy, and sulking within his tent. General Scott has him confined in a special barred wire stockade, away from the other prisoners, and recently informed him that if an attempt was made to rescue him he would be the first person shot. To-day Salazar sent word to General Scott that he feared the rebels at Juarez would take advantage of the order and made a false demonstration from the railroad tracks nearby, probably firing a few shots in the air, and before the ruse was discovered, the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard

plotted were locking the guard



The flower of the full dress family is in our assortment.

The coat that has the short waist, natural shoulders, sharp pointed lapels, close fitting, silk lined.

The trousers short, straight, and for waistcoats, quite a variety. Black brocades, a white silk with satin stripes, white pique and the tango vest.

All the accessories in the latest ideas; for example, silk crepe evening tie with silk crepe shirred bosom shirt.

Full suit, \$39.50.

Tuxedo coat to match, \$22.

St. Denys

would have carried out the instructions with reference to himself.

"I have no more desire to escape than a ten-year-old boy," was the message Salazar sent. General Scott said he might enter the post guard-house if he wished. Here he would be in a cell, but safe. The Mexican may try the experiment for a week.

Captain H. G. H. Estes, adjutant of the "tenth infantry," in charge of the prison camp, has a card system to keep track of the prisoners, and their own leaders know more about them now than they ever did in the field. These cards bear the name, home town, rank and age of the prisoners, and the number of women and children accredited to each.

In the camp there are fifty-three wounded Federal officers and 171 wounded men and 218 Federal officers. The camp is a card system to keep track of the prisoners, and their own leaders know more about them now than they ever did in the field. These cards bear the name, home town, rank and age of the prisoners, and the number of women and children accredited to each.

The prisoners live in tents, brown, like the white, wretched landscape. The camp is a card system to keep track of the prisoners, and their own leaders know more about them now than they ever did in the field. These cards bear the name, home town, rank and age of the prisoners, and the number of women and children accredited to each.

Most of the prisoners are far better off than when they were in the hands of the rebels. They are housed and fed regularly, and by dint of much urging the Americans have gained them to take proper sanitary precautions. The prison is of about forty acres, surrounded by a high wall of barbed wire. The sentries do not enter the camp except for special purposes, but patrol it in the afternoon by the band of forty pieces, muskets, oranges and other delicacies.

Visiting priests to-day celebrated mass, and there was a concert in the afternoon by the band of forty pieces, muskets, oranges and other delicacies.

The prisoners are well clothed. Huerta recently provided all with shoes, hose, underwear, hats and overalls or dresses. Officers also receive \$5 a month and privates \$2. They are permitted to make purchases at the regimental store at the same prices paid by American soldiers.

A special permit, not easily obtained, is required for a visitor to get within the camp. This is due largely to the cases of smallpox, which have been endorsed the privileges of the prisoners. The Mexicans are alien in the presence of their jailers.

At Ysleta to-day soldiers discovered fourteen rifles and 3,400 rounds of ammunition hidden away. They probably were left behind Wednesday night by the rebels, and recruits who fled across the Rio Grande.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

Rumors to-day reached General Scott that attempts to run more recruits across would be made, but details of the plot were lacking.

COMMISSIONER'S FIRST REPORT

Commissioner Recommends Certain Modifications of Chinese Exclusion Act.

DISCUSSES SEAMEN'S BILL

Thinks It Is Too Easy for Aliens to Become Citizens of United States.

Washington, February 15.—Commissioner-General Cammett, of the Bureau of Immigration in his first annual report, submitted to-day by Secretary Wilson, recommended certain modifications of the Chinese exclusion act, and expressed the opinion that great care should be taken with the "seamen's bill" pending in Congress, declaring that "the seamen's bill on the one hand and the immigration and Chinese exclusion laws on the other, cannot be properly enforced unless their terms are brought into substantial and practical accord."

Commissioner Cammett made no reference to the general question of Asiatic immigration, other than a comment on "aliens employed on vessels," and what he says is the danger of Chinese and other Asiatics getting in unlawfully by serving as seamen and deserting.

Japanese Immigration.

As to Japanese immigration, he expressed doubt as to whether the "photograph" holds, after having gone through a marriage ceremony by proxy, recognized as legal in Japan, are really entitled to admission. He says he does not believe "any such marriage is binding upon the United States in the administration of immigration laws; and also that there is no treaty with Japan, or other arrangement, which would entitle them to recognition by the United States of the so-called marriage of a woman in Japan with a man who may be in the United States at the date of the marriage." He says there seems to be a need of repetition and emphasis of the statement in the former Commissioner-General's report, which declared that "the practice of admitting such women 'opens the way for the introduction into continental United States of large bodies of common laborers—females, it is true, but none the less competitors of the laborers of this country; and this practice must necessarily result in constituting a large native-born Japanese population—persons who, because of their birth on American soil, are entitled to the same rights and privileges as American citizens, although their parents cannot be naturalized."

The commissioner also pointed out the fact that the Chinese race is being done, said Mr. Cammett, to prevent the entry of Chinese not entitled to be here, "Chinese laborers are constantly gaining admission in the guise of minor sons of married women, students, natives, or sons of natives."

Must Safeguard Privilege.

"No one would dispute the propriety and advisability of permitting young men of the Chinese race to obtain a higher education in this country," he added, "provided the privilege is so safeguarded as to prevent its abuse. But this claim of a student status, which is frequently made, is used as a mere cloak for the introduction into this country, in violation of the spirit of the law, of young Chinese laborers."

Those Chinese who come in under the "United States citizen" class, being returning natives who had been born here, or born abroad of native-born parents, the commissioner-general says there were 4,356 of that class in the past four years, and added:

"It must be demonstrated that the number of United States citizens of the Chinese race is increasing at a very rapid rate, although returns of the Mongolian race cannot acquire citizenship by naturalization. The present law permitting United States commissioners to make citizens should be repealed. American citizenship is a proud privilege of inestimable value, and of the highest dignity, and should not be granted except upon clear evidence of right, thereby and in the same passed upon either by a court of record or by the Bureau of Immigration, with the approval of the Department of Labor."

Subject to Deportation.

As to deportation cases, the commissioner-general declared figures showed the Supreme Court's decision in numerous cases, that violations of the laws, who enter surreptitiously, are subject to deportation by the administrative action of the commissioner-general. He said that the general immigration laws, now proposed, would be most valuable results.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

The report shows that 1,372 aliens were admitted last year, more than the total for the preceding year by 353,720.

Most Popular Railroad Conductor

The Times-Dispatch Voting Coupon

A Solid Silver Lantern will be given by The Times-Dispatch to the most popular Railroad Conductor running into or out of Richmond.

I hereby cast one vote for

Name.....

Railroad.....

Address.....

Mail all coupons to POPULARITY MANAGER, The Times-Dispatch.

This Coupon Not Good After February 20.

Contest Ends February 28, 1914.

Vote to Date in Contest for Most Popular Conductor.

Name..... Railroad..... No. Votes.....

T. J. Hewlett..... C. & O..... 29,978

J. T. Canada..... Southern..... 27,031

W. D. Rudd..... Southern..... 3,440

J. L. Howell..... A. C. L..... 1,518

John W. Cotton, Jr..... A. C. L..... 1,375

P. J. Hawkes..... N. & W..... 1,246

We have temporarily discontinued the names of conductors who have not 1,000 votes to their credit. As soon as 1,000 or more votes are registered these names will be published.

Leaders in Race for the Silver Lantern

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

CONDUCTOR T. J. HEWLETT, of C. & O. RY.

CONDUCTOR J. T. CANADA, of Southern Railway.

PLAINT DISPOSE OF PLAIN DISPOSE

Distribution of Patronage May Be Left to Democratic Candidate for Congress.

CARD TO BEAT REPUBLICANS

Senators Making No Nominations, While Glass Says He Is Satisfied.

Special to The Times-Dispatch.

Washington, D. C., February 15.—Although the Virginia Senators have known several weeks ago that they would make no more recommendations to the Postmaster-General regarding the appointment of presidential postmasters at offices in the Ninth Congressional District, where the terms of the incumbents have long since expired, it is learned from several reliable sources here that they are actuated by additional reasons to delay these appointments. The chief of these is that it is believed to be good politics to let the appointments drift along until after March 7, when a convention of the Ninth District Democrats will be held at Bristol, which is expected to nominate a candidate for Congress to run against Campbell Bascom Slomp or his successor. The purpose is then to have the Democratic congressional candidate name the postmasters, in the belief that in so doing he can greatly strengthen his forces in the district.

Doubt Efficacy of Plan.

Many prominent Republicans who have been in Washington during the past ten days have expressed doubt as to the efficacy of the plan. The Democratic congressional candidate can make political capital by distributing the patronage in the Ninth. There are actually three or four candidates for each office, they say, and while the congressional candidate can expect help in his campaign from the friends of the successful applicant, it is questionable whether this will not be more than counterbalanced by the lukewarmness of those who were interested in the appointment of the unsuccessful applicant.